

103D CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# S. 419

To provide for enhanced cooperation between the Federal Government and the United States commercial aircraft industry in aeronautical technology research, development, and commercialization, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 24 (legislative day, JANUARY 5), 1993

Mr. DANFORTH (for himself, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Mr. GORTON, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. BAUCUS, Mr. BOND, Mr. DODD, Mrs. MURRAY, and Mr. RIEGLE) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

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## A BILL

To provide for enhanced cooperation between the Federal Government and the United States commercial aircraft industry in aeronautical technology research, development, and commercialization, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

### 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Aeronautical Tech-  
5 nology Consortium Act of 1993”.

### 6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.**

7 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

1           (1) a strong commercial aircraft industry is  
2 critical to the health of the United States economy:  
3 aircraft production in the United States affects  
4 nearly 80 percent of the economy, and for every ad-  
5 ditional dollar of shipments of aircraft, output of the  
6 economy increases by an estimated \$2.30;

7           (2) a strong commercial aircraft industry is  
8 critical to the national security of the United States  
9 because of the synergies between commercial and  
10 military aeronautical technologies and the need for a  
11 strong advanced technology industrial base;

12           (3) the National Critical Technologies Panel  
13 has identified aeronautics as one of twenty-two cat-  
14 egories of technologies critical to the national eco-  
15 nomic prosperity and to national security;

16           (4) while the United States has traditionally  
17 dominated the world commercial aircraft market, the  
18 United States aircraft industry is facing two critical  
19 challenges: significant cutbacks in defense procure-  
20 ment and related military spending, and the growing  
21 competitive strength of the European aircraft con-  
22 sortium, Airbus Industrie;

23           (5) Airbus Industrie, a consortium of four Eu-  
24 ropean aircraft manufacturing companies that have  
25 received almost \$26,000,000,000 in government sub-

1 subsidies over two decades, has developed a family of  
2 competitive aircraft models and has captured one-  
3 fourth of the world market for large civil aircraft;

4 (6) in 1992, the United States signed an agree-  
5 ment with the European Community that permits  
6 the European governments to continue to subsidize  
7 up to 33 per centum of the development costs of new  
8 large civil aircraft;

9 (7) given current and expected reductions in de-  
10 fense spending and increased competitive pressures  
11 in the commercial aircraft market, it is critical for  
12 the Federal Government to coordinate its aero-  
13 nautics and related programs and redirect these re-  
14 sources to assist the United States commercial air-  
15 craft industry to meet the competitive challenge  
16 from Airbus Industrie;

17 (8) the Federal Government has played an ac-  
18 tive role in research and development of aeronautical  
19 technologies since the National Advisory Committee  
20 on Aeronautics (NACA) was created in 1915;

21 (9) in recent years, however, Federal Govern-  
22 ment support for aerospace research and develop-  
23 ment has focused overwhelmingly on military and  
24 space technologies;

1           (10) Federal programs relating to aeronautics  
2       research and development today are spread among a  
3       number of different agencies and departments, in-  
4       cluding the Departments of Defense, Transpor-  
5       tation, and Commerce, as well as the National Aero-  
6       nautics and Space Administration and the National  
7       Science Foundation;

8           (11) Federal financial assistance to the semi-  
9       conductor industry consortium known as Sematech  
10      has been successful in improving the competitiveness  
11      of the United States semiconductor industry;

12          (12) the Federal Government should use  
13      Sematech as a model in developing a program to  
14      provide financial assistance to an industry-led con-  
15      sortium of United States commercial aircraft manu-  
16      facturing companies; and

17          (13) such a government-industry consortium  
18      should focus its efforts on research, development,  
19      and commercialization of new aeronautical tech-  
20      nologies and related manufacturing technologies, as  
21      well as the transfer and conversion of aeronautical  
22      technologies developed for national security purposes  
23      to commercial applications for large civil aircraft.

1 (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this Act is to  
2 strengthen and assist the United States commercial air-  
3 craft industry by—

4 (1) providing for an interagency aeronautical  
5 technology program to coordinate and expand Fed-  
6 eral research and development programs relating to  
7 aeronautical technologies and related manufacturing  
8 technologies; and

9 (2) assisting the United States commercial air-  
10 craft industry in developing an Aeronautical Tech-  
11 nology Consortium for the purpose of providing Fed-  
12 eral assistance to industry-led joint ventures estab-  
13 lished for research, development, and commercializa-  
14 tion of aeronautical technologies and related manu-  
15 facturing technologies applicable to large civil air-  
16 craft.

17 **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

18 For purposes of this Act—

19 (1) The term “Director” means the Director of  
20 the Office of Science and Technology Policy.

21 (2) The term “eligible firm” means a company  
22 or other business entity that, as determined by the  
23 Secretary of Commerce—

1 (A) conducts a significant level of its re-  
2 search, development, engineering, and manufac-  
3 turing activities in the United States; and

4 (B) either—

5 (i) is a United States-owned company;

6 or

7 (ii) is a company incorporated in the  
8 United States and has a parent company  
9 which is incorporated in a country the gov-  
10 ernment of which—

11 (I) affords United States-owned  
12 companies opportunities, comparable  
13 to those afforded any other company,  
14 to participate in research and develop-  
15 ment consortia to which the govern-  
16 ment of that country provides funding  
17 directly or provides funding indirectly  
18 through international organizations or  
19 agreements; and

20 (II) affords adequate and effec-  
21 tive protection for the intellectual  
22 property rights of United States-  
23 owned companies.

1 Such term includes a consortium of such companies  
2 or other business entities, as determined by the Sec-  
3 retary of Commerce.

4 (3) The term “Federal laboratory” has the  
5 meaning given such term in section 4(6) of the Ste-  
6 venson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980  
7 (15 U.S.C. 3703(6)).

8 (4) The term “joint venture” has the meaning  
9 given such term in section 28(j)(1) of the National  
10 Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15  
11 U.S.C. 278n(j)(1)).

12 (5) The term “large civil aircraft” means all  
13 aircraft that are designed for passenger or cargo  
14 transportation and have one hundred or more pas-  
15 senger seats or its equivalent in cargo configuration.

16 (6) The term “manufacturing technology”  
17 means techniques and processes designed to improve  
18 manufacturing quality, productivity, and practices,  
19 including engineering design, quality assurance, con-  
20 current engineering, continuous process production  
21 technology, energy efficiency, waste minimization,  
22 design for recyclability or parts reuse, shop floor  
23 management, inventory management, worker train-  
24 ing, and communications with customers and suppli-

1       ers, as well as manufacturing equipment and soft-  
2       ware.

3           (7) The term “United States-owned company”  
4       means a company or other business entity the ma-  
5       jority ownership or control of which is by United  
6       States citizens.

7       **SEC. 4. AERONAUTICAL TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM.**

8       (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall establish  
9       an Aeronautical Technology Program (hereafter in this  
10      Act referred to as the “Program”), which shall—

11           (1) provide for interagency coordination of Fed-  
12      eral research and development programs relating to  
13      aeronautical technologies and related manufacturing  
14      technologies;

15           (2) provide a mechanism for private industry  
16      comment and guidance regarding the cost-effective-  
17      ness and commercial practicability of existing and  
18      proposed Federal research and development pro-  
19      grams relating to aeronautical technologies and re-  
20      lated manufacturing technologies;

21           (3) promote, to the maximum extent prac-  
22      ticable, the transfer and conversion to commercial  
23      applications of aeronautical technologies developed  
24      for national security purposes;



1           (4) coordinate and expand existing Federal re-  
2       search and development programs relating to—

3                   (A) subsonic aeronautics, and

4                   (B) supersonic aeronautics,

5       with particular focus on government-industry cooper-  
6       ative programs to develop large civil aircraft beyond  
7       the financial means of any single company;

8           (5) assist the United States commercial aircraft  
9       industry in developing an Aeronautical Technology  
10      Consortium for the purpose of providing Federal as-  
11      sistance to industry-led joint ventures established for  
12      research, development, and commercialization of  
13      aeronautical technologies and related manufacturing  
14      technologies applicable to large civil aircraft; and

15          (6) establish other goals and priorities for Fed-  
16      eral research and development programs relating to  
17      aeronautical technologies and related manufacturing  
18      technologies.

19      (b) NATIONAL AERONAUTICS STRATEGY.—

20          (1) IN GENERAL.—The President, acting  
21      through the Coordinating Committee established in  
22      subsection (c), shall develop a National Aeronautics  
23      Strategy (hereafter in this Act referred to as the  
24      “Strategy”) to implement the Program. The Strat-  
25      egy shall contain specific recommendations for a

1 five-year national effort, to be submitted to the Con-  
2 gress within six months after the date of enactment  
3 of this Act.

4 (2) CONTENTS OF STRATEGY.—The Strategy  
5 shall—

6 (A) establish the specific goals and prior-  
7 ities for the Program for the fiscal year in  
8 which the Strategy is submitted and the suc-  
9 ceeding four fiscal years;

10 (B) set forth the role of each Federal  
11 agency and department in implementing the  
12 Program;

13 (C) describe the levels of Federal funding  
14 for each agency and specific research, develop-  
15 ment, and commercialization activities required  
16 to achieve such goals and priorities;

17 (D) take into account the recommenda-  
18 tions of the Advisory Committee established in  
19 section 6; and

20 (E) consider and use, as appropriate, re-  
21 ports and studies conducted by Federal agen-  
22 cies and departments, the National Research  
23 Council, or other entities.

24 (3) FEDERAL AGENCIES AND DEPARTMENTS TO  
25 BE ADDRESSED.—The Strategy shall address, where

1 appropriate, the relevant programs and activities  
2 of—

3 (A) the Department of Defense, particu-  
4 larly the Department of the Air Force, the De-  
5 partment of the Navy, and the Defense Ad-  
6 vanced Research Projects Agency;

7 (B) the Department of Commerce, particu-  
8 larly the National Institute of Standards and  
9 Technology;

10 (C) the Department of Transportation,  
11 particularly the Federal Aviation Administra-  
12 tion;

13 (D) the National Aeronautics and Space  
14 Administration;

15 (E) the National Science Foundation;

16 (F) the Federal laboratories; and

17 (G) such other agencies and departments  
18 as the President or the Coordinating Committee  
19 considers appropriate.

20 (c) COORDINATING COMMITTEE.—

21 (1) AUTHORITY; COMPOSITION.—The Program  
22 shall be administered by an Aeronautical Technology  
23 Coordinating Committee (hereafter in this Act re-  
24 ferred to as the “Coordinating Committee”) com-  
25 posed of the following officials:

1 (A) The Director, who shall be chair-  
2 person.

3 (B) The Secretary of Defense.

4 (C) The Secretary of Commerce.

5 (D) The Secretary of Transportation.

6 (E) The Administrator of the National  
7 Aeronautics and Space Administration.

8 (F) The Director of the National Science  
9 Foundation.

10 (2) FUNCTIONS.—The Coordinating Committee  
11 shall—

12 (A) serve as the lead entity responsible for  
13 implementation of the Program;

14 (B) coordinate all Federal research and de-  
15 velopment programs relating to aeronautical  
16 technologies and related manufacturing tech-  
17 nologies;

18 (C) consult regularly with and seek rec-  
19 ommendations from the Advisory Committee es-  
20 tablished by section 6;

21 (D) consult with academic, State, industry,  
22 and other appropriate groups conducting re-  
23 search on and using aeronautical technologies;  
24 and

1 (E) submit to the Congress an annual re-  
2 port, along with the President's annual budget  
3 request, describing the implementation of the  
4 Program.

5 **SEC. 5. AERONAUTICAL TECHNOLOGY CONSORTIUM.**

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Under the Program, the Coordi-  
7 nating Committee shall provide assistance to an Aero-  
8 nautical Technology Consortium (hereafter in this Act re-  
9 ferred to as the “Consortium”), which shall consist of all  
10 eligible firms that—

11 (1) are engaged in research, development, test-  
12 ing, demonstration, or production of aeronautical  
13 technology applicable to the production of large civil  
14 aircraft;

15 (2) are selected by the Coordinating Committee,  
16 through the Director, on the basis of the criteria  
17 specified under subsection (d); and

18 (3) are necessary to enable the Consortium to  
19 achieve its purpose as described under subsection  
20 (b).

21 (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Consortium is to  
22 conduct industry-led joint ventures relating to—

23 (1) manufacturing technologies applicable to  
24 the production of large civil aircraft;

1           (2) the transfer and conversion of aeronautical  
2 technologies developed for national security purposes  
3 to commercial applications for large civil aircraft;

4           (3) subsonic aeronautical technologies applica-  
5 ble to the development and production of large civil  
6 aircraft; and

7           (4) supersonic aeronautical technologies appli-  
8 cable to the development and production of large  
9 civil aircraft.

10       (c) ASSISTANCE TO BE PROVIDED.—In providing as-  
11 sistance to the Consortium, the Coordinating Committee,  
12 acting through the Director, shall—

13           (1) provide financial and other assistance to the  
14 United States commercial aircraft industry in the  
15 formation of the Consortium;

16           (2) support the Consortium, and such subordi-  
17 nate joint ventures as the Consortium may establish,  
18 by making available equipment, facilities, and per-  
19 sonnel;

20           (3) aid the Consortium, and such subordinate  
21 joint ventures as the Consortium may establish, by  
22 means of grants, cooperative agreements, contracts,  
23 and provision of organizational and technical advice;

24           (4) enter into contracts and cooperative agree-  
25 ments in support of the Consortium with independ-

1 ent research organizations, institutions of higher  
2 education, and agencies of State and local govern-  
3 ments;

4 (5) involve the Federal laboratories in the Con-  
5 sortium, where appropriate, using among other au-  
6 thorities the cooperative research and development  
7 agreements provided for under section 12 of the Ste-  
8 venson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980  
9 (15 U.S.C. 3710a); and

10 (6) carry out, in a manner consistent with this  
11 section, such other cooperative research activities  
12 with the Consortium and joint ventures as may be  
13 authorized by law or assigned to the Coordinating  
14 Committee by the President.

15 (d) SELECTION OF CONSORTIUM PARTICIPANTS.—  
16 The criteria for selection of industry participants in the  
17 Consortium, as referred to in subsection (a)(2), are as  
18 follows:

19 (1) The extent of present participation of the  
20 eligible firm in Federal research and development  
21 programs relating to aeronautical technologies and  
22 related manufacturing technologies.

23 (2) The extent of present commercial activity of  
24 the eligible firm relating to the development and pro-

1       duction of large civil aircraft, engines, advanced ma-  
2       terials, avionics, and other related components.

3           (3) The extent of present commercial activity of  
4       the eligible firm relating to aeronautical technologies  
5       developed for national security purposes that may  
6       have commercial applications for large civil aircraft.

7           (4) The technical excellence of the eligible firm.

8           (5) The extent of financial commitment of the  
9       eligible firm to the Consortium.

10          (6) Such other criteria that the Director pre-  
11       scribes.

12       (e) CHARTER; OPERATING PLAN.—The Consortium  
13       shall have—

14           (1) a charter, agreed to by all industry partici-  
15       pants in the Consortium, that meets requirements  
16       established by the Coordinating Committee; and

17           (2) an annual operating plan that is developed  
18       in consultation with the Coordinating Committee  
19       and the Advisory Committee established in section 6.

20       (f) FINANCIAL COMMITMENT OF INDUSTRY PARTICI-  
21       PANTS.—

22           (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall ensure  
23       that, to the maximum extent the Director deter-  
24       mines to be practicable, the total amount of the  
25       funds provided by the Federal Government to the



1 Consortium does not exceed the total amount pro-  
2 vided by the industry participants in the Consor-  
3 tium.

4 (2) AUTHORITY TO EXCEED 50 PER CENTUM  
5 FEDERAL FUNDING.—Nothing in this subsection  
6 shall be construed to prohibit the Federal Govern-  
7 ment from providing greater than 50 per centum of  
8 the funds for any individual joint venture, project, or  
9 program where the Director determines such fund-  
10 ing to be consistent with the goals of the Program.

11 (3) CONSIDERATION OF IN-KIND CONTRIBU-  
12 TIONS.—The Director shall prescribe regulations to  
13 provide for consideration of in-kind contributions by  
14 industry participants in the Consortium and joint  
15 ventures for the purpose of determining the share of  
16 the funds that have been or are being provided by  
17 such participants.

18 (g) MERIT REVIEW.—No contract or other award for  
19 a research project may be made under this section until  
20 the research project in question has been subject to a  
21 merit review, and, in the opinion of the reviewers ap-  
22 pointed by the Director, has been shown to have scientific  
23 and technical merit.

24 (h) OVERSIGHT OF CONSORTIUM ACTIVITIES.—The  
25 Coordinating Committee, acting through the Director,

1 shall take such actions as are necessary and appropriate  
2 to ensure that the Consortium's activities help to achieve  
3 the purposes of this act, including—

4           (1) prescribing regulations for the purpose of  
5 this section;

6           (2) establishing procedures for the use by the  
7 Coordinating Committee of funds authorized to a  
8 particular Federal agency or department that is par-  
9 ticipating in the Consortium;

10           (3) establishing procedures regarding financial  
11 reporting and auditing to ensure that contracts and  
12 other awards are used for the purposes specified in  
13 this section and are in accordance with sound ac-  
14 counting practices;

15           (4) monitoring how technologies developed  
16 through the Consortium are used, and reporting to  
17 the Congress on the extent of any overseas transfer  
18 of those technologies;

19           (5) assuring that the recommendations of the  
20 Advisory Committee established in section 6 are con-  
21 sidered routinely in carrying out the responsibilities  
22 of the Coordinating Committee under this Act; and

23           (6) providing for the expeditious and timely  
24 transfer of technology developed and owned by the  
25 Consortium to the participants in the Consortium.

1 (i) EXPORT OF AERONAUTICAL TECHNOLOGY.—Any  
2 export of materials, equipment, and technology developed  
3 by the Consortium in whole or in part with financial as-  
4 sistance provided under this section shall be subject to the  
5 Export Administration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App. 2401  
6 et seq.) and shall not be subject to the Arms Export  
7 Control Act.

8 (j) FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT.—Section 552  
9 of title 5, United States Code, shall not apply to the fol-  
10 lowing information obtained by the Federal Government  
11 on a confidential basis in connection with the activities of  
12 any industry participant in the Consortium:

13 (1) information on the business operation of  
14 any industry participant in the Consortium; and

15 (2) intellectual property, trade secrets, and  
16 technical data possessed by any industry participant  
17 in the Consortium.

18 (k) INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY.—

19 (1) DISCLOSURE LIMITATIONS.—Notwithstand-  
20 ing any other provision of law, intellectual property,  
21 trade secrets, and technical data owned and devel-  
22 oped by the Consortium or any industry participant  
23 in the Consortium may not be disclosed by any offi-  
24 cer or employee of the Federal Government except in

1       accordance with a written agreement between the  
2       owner or developer and the Director.

3           (2) TITLE TO AND LICENSING OF INVENTIONS  
4       AND PATENTS.—Title to any invention or patent  
5       arising from assistance provided under this section  
6       shall vest in a company or companies incorporated  
7       in the United States. The Federal Government may  
8       reserve a nonexclusive, nontransferable, irrevocable  
9       paid-up license, to have practiced for or on behalf of  
10      the Federal Government, in connection with any  
11      such invention or patent, but shall not, in the exer-  
12      cise of such license, publicly disclose proprietary in-  
13      formation related to the license. Title to any such in-  
14      vention or patent shall not be transferred or passed,  
15      except to a company incorporated in the United  
16      States, until the expiration of the first patent ob-  
17      tained in connection with such invention. For pur-  
18      poses of this paragraph, the term “invention or pat-  
19      ent” means an invention patentable under title 35,  
20      United States Code, or any patent on such an inven-  
21      tion.

22           (3) LICENSING TO COMPANIES.—Nothing in  
23      this subsection shall be construed to prohibit the li-  
24      censing, to any company, of intellectual property

1 rights arising from assistance provided under this  
2 section.

3 **SEC. 6. AERONAUTICAL TECHNOLOGY ADVISORY COMMIT-**  
4 **TEE.**

5 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established an Aero-  
6 nautical Technology Advisory Committee (hereafter in this  
7 Act referred to as the “Advisory Committee”).

8 (b) FUNCTIONS.—The Advisory Committee shall ad-  
9 vise the Coordinating Committee and the Consortium  
10 on—

11 (1) the Strategy and other appropriate goals  
12 and priorities for the Program, and how best to  
13 achieve those goals;

14 (2) the operating plan of the Consortium;

15 (3) the annual progress of the Program and the  
16 Consortium in meeting the requirements of section  
17 4(a) and, in the first five years, the Strategy;

18 (4) organizational and programmatic reforms  
19 which would improve the effectiveness of Federal re-  
20 search and development programs relating to aero-  
21 nautical technologies and related manufacturing  
22 technologies in promoting the competitiveness of the  
23 United States commercial aircraft industry;

24 (5) mechanisms for private industry comment  
25 and guidance regarding the cost-effectiveness and

1 commercial practicability of existing and proposed  
2 Federal research and development programs relating  
3 to aeronautical technologies and related manufactur-  
4 ing technologies; and

5 (6) policies and mechanisms to promote the  
6 transfer and conversion to commercial applications  
7 of aeronautical technologies developed for national  
8 security purposes; and

9 (7) other goals and priorities for Federal re-  
10 search and development programs relating to aero-  
11 nautical technologies and related manufacturing  
12 technologies.

13 (c) MEMBERSHIP.—The Advisory Committee shall be  
14 composed of twelve members, who shall be appointed by  
15 the President from among individuals who, because of  
16 their experience and accomplishments in the field of aero-  
17 nautics and related technological and scientific fields, are  
18 exceptionally qualified to analyze and recommend policy  
19 relating to aeronautical technology research and develop-  
20 ment. Membership of the Advisory Committee shall be  
21 composed of representatives of—

22 (1) large civil aircraft manufacturing compa-  
23 nies;

24 (2) aircraft engine manufacturing companies;

25 (3) advanced materials companies;

1           (4) avionics and other systems companies;

2           (5) other subcontractor firms engaged in aero-  
3       nautical technology research, development, and pro-  
4       duction; and

5           (6) Federal laboratories, universities, and inde-  
6       pendent research institutes.

7       (d) TERMS OF MEMBERSHIP.—Each member of the  
8       Advisory Committee shall be appointed for a term of three  
9       years, except that of the members first appointed, four  
10      shall be appointed for a term of one year, four shall be  
11      appointed for a term of two years, and four shall be ap-  
12      pointed for a term of three years, as designated by the  
13      President at the time of the appointment. A member of  
14      the Advisory Committee may serve after the expiration of  
15      the member's term until a successor has taken office.

16      (e) CHAIRPERSON.—The President shall appoint one  
17      member of the Advisory Committee to serve as chair-  
18      person.

19      (f) QUORUM.—Seven members of the Advisory Com-  
20      mittee shall constitute a quorum.

21      (g) MEETINGS.—The Advisory Committee shall meet  
22      at least quarterly at the call of the chairperson or one-  
23      third of its members, and at the call of the Coordinating  
24      Committee.

25      (h) COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES.—

1           (1) NO COMPENSATION FOR MEMBERS.—Each  
 2       member of the Advisory Committee shall serve with-  
 3       out compensation.

4           (2) TRAVEL EXPENSES AUTHORIZED.—While  
 5       away from their homes or regular places of business  
 6       in performance of the duties of the Advisory Com-  
 7       mittee, members of the Advisory Committee shall be  
 8       allowed travel expenses in accordance with sub-  
 9       chapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States  
 10      Code.

11       (i) FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.—Section  
 12 14 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C.  
 13 App.) shall not apply to the Advisory Committee.

14   **SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

15       There are authorized to be appropriated to the Office  
 16 of Science and Technology Policy, to carry out the provi-  
 17 sions of this Act, such sums as may be necessary for the  
 18 fiscal years 1994 and 1995.

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